## **ABSTRACT: 2019 ELAM Institutional Action Project**

Project Title: Strategies to Maximize Physician-Scientist Success in Academic Medical Centers

Name and Institution: Barbara Kazmierczak, MD PhD, Yale University

Collaborators and Mentors: John Encandela PhD, Gary Desir, MD

## Topic Category (choose 1): Administration

**Background, Significance of project:** Yale School of Medicine recognizes the ongoing need for physician-scientists to fuel innovation in health care science and delivery. However, current models of physician-scientist (P-S) faculty development and support are not reliably successful in sustaining individuals in this career track at our institution. Factors strongly associated with professional success that lead to retention and promotion of P-S faculty in research-intensive positions have not been systematically assessed. By identifying such factors, and then maximizing them through the resources and mentoring offered to newly recruited P-S faculty, we expect to improve both short-term measures of P-S success, as well as long-term outcomes associated with retention of these individuals in research-intensive careers at our institution.

**Purpose/Objectives**: To identify factors associated with retention of Yale P-S faculty in researchintensive career tracks, and to propose an evidence-based strategy to (re)structure recruiting/hiring practices and early-career mentoring to maximize these factors for newly recruited faculty.

**Methods/Approach/Evaluation Strategy**: In collaboration with department leadership, I identified faculty hired over the past 15 years to the Department of Medicine (DOM) with the initial expectation of advancement as physician-scientists engaged in laboratory-based research. I reviewed the literature regarding successful outcomes of physician-scientist training to identify common measures of success in a research-intensive career (e.g. publications, funding, allocation of effort, honors/awards). I also carried out structured interviews with selected faculty to identify resources, mentorship and sponsorship that they identified as important to success for a P-S hired at Yale. I then developed and administered a survey instrument to faculty hired to P-S positions to measure their access to resources, mentorship and sponsorship. Survey responses will be analyzed to identify those factors correlated with objective measures of research productivity and success in career.

**Outcomes/Results**: We will identify factors correlated with success of P-S faculty engaged in laboratorybased research in the DOM. We will extend our study over the coming year to physician-scientists in other departments, and to those engaged in non-laboratory based research. This will establish which resources are associated with success in general across this class of faculty, versus those that are discipline- or department-specific. Second, we will ask whether factors generally associated with success can be maximized for new recruits by re-structuring the hiring offer, the mentoring provided to that individual, and/or the milestones developed and measured during early career. An evidence-based "recruiting protocol" will be developed to guide DOM physician-scientist hiring. By identifying aspects of the initial offer most likely to impact career success, defining milestones that support ongoing investment in research activity, and providing early mentoring to help faculty reach these milestones, we expect to improve retention of P-S faculty in research as compared to the baseline rate we have documented.

**Discussion/Conclusion with Statement of Impact/Potential Impact:** Thoughtful and evidence-based provision of resources and mentoring, as well as identification of meaningful and predictive early milestones of success are likely to increase the success of all P-S faculty in our DOM. Such a strategy may have a particularly outsize impact on the success of P-S faculty belonging to groups underrepresented in medicine, or to departments where P-S faculty are rare. By identifying early milestones predictive of continued success, as well as strategies to reach those milestones, we expect such "pioneer" P-S faculty to persist more successfully in this faculty track.

## Strategies to Maximize Physician-Scientist Success in Academic Medical Centers

**Background:** Yale School of Medicine recognizes the ongoing need for physician-scientists to fuel innovation in health care science and delivery. However, current models of physician-scientist (P-S) faculty development and support are not reliably successful in sustaining individuals in this career track at our institution. Factors strongly associated with professional success that lead to retention and promotion of P-S faculty in research-intensive positions have not been systematically assessed. By identifying such factors, and then maximizing them through the resources and mentoring offered to newly recruited P-S faculty, we expect to improve both short-term measures of P-S success, as well as longterm outcomes associated with retention of these individuals in research-intensive careers at our institution.

**Purpose/Objectives**: To identify factors associated with retention of Yale P-S faculty in researchintensive career tracks, and to propose an evidencebased strategy to (re)structure recruiting/hiring practices and early-career mentoring to maximize these factors for newly recruited faculty.



## Yale school of medicine

Mentor: Gary Desir, MD. Collaborator: John Encandela, PhD



Presented at the 2019 ELAM® Leaders Forum

Barbara Kazmierczak MD PhD, Yale School of Medicine

Methods/Approach/Evaluation Strategy: In	Οι
collaboration with department leadership, I identified	CO
faculty hired over the past 15 years to the	lat
Department of Medicine (DOM) with the initial	ex
expectation of advancement as physician-scientists	SC
engaged in laboratory-based research. I reviewed the	in
literature regarding successful outcomes of	wł
physician-scientist training to identify common	ge
measures of success in a research-intensive career	ar
(e.g. publications, funding, allocation of effort,	wi
honors/awards). I also carried out structured	SU
interviews with selected faculty to identify resources,	str
mentorship and sponsorship that they identified as	tha
important to success for a P-S hired at Yale. I then	m
developed a survey instrument for faculty hired to P-S	"re
positions to measure their access to resources,	ph
mentorship and sponsorship. Survey responses will	the
be analyzed to identify those factors correlated with	de
objective measures of research productivity and	in
success in career.	he
	-



Fig 1. Career-Success Model for Physician-Scientists, University of Pittsburgh Research on Careers Workgroup

Discussion/Conclusion with Statement of Impact/Potential Impact: Thoughtful and evidencebased provision of resources and mentoring, as well as identification of meaningful and predictive early milestones of success are likely to increase the success of all P-S faculty in our DOM. Such a strategy may have a particularly outsize impact on the success of P-S faculty belonging to groups underrepresented in medicine, or to departments where P-S faculty are rare. By identifying early milestones predictive of continued success, as well as strategies to reach those milestones, we expect such "pioneer" P-S faculty to persist more successfully in this faculty track.

utcomes/Results: We will identify factors prrelated with success of P-S faculty engaged in boratory-based research in the DOM. We will ktend our study over the coming year to physiciancientists in other departments, and to those engaged non-laboratory based research. This will establish hich resources are associated with success in eneral across this class of faculty, versus those that e discipline- or department-specific. Second, we ill ask whether factors generally associated with iccess can be maximized for new recruits by reructuring the hiring offer, the mentoring provided to at individual, and/or the milestones developed and easured during early career. An evidence-based ecruiting protocol" will be developed to guide DOM hysician-scientist hiring. By identifying aspects of e initial offer most likely to impact career success, efining milestones that support ongoing investment research activity, and providing early mentoring to elp faculty reach these milestones, we expect to improve retention of P-S faculty in research as compared to the baseline rate we have documented.