Coverage Period: Beginning on or after 01/01/2020

Coverage for: Family | Plan Type: POS

The Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) document will help you choose a health plan. The SBC shows you how you and the plan would share the cost for covered health care services. NOTE: Information about the cost of this plan (called the premium) will be provided separately.

This is only a summary. For more information about your coverage, or to get a copy of the complete terms of coverage, visit www.ibx.com/LGBooklet or by calling 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711). For general definitions of common terms, such as allowed amount, balance billing, coinsurance, copayment, deductible, provider, or other underlined terms see the Glossary. You can view the Glossary at www.healthcare.gov/sbc-glossary/ or call 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711) to request a copy.

Important Questions	Answers	Why This Matters:
deductible?	\$1 500 family	Generally, you must pay all of the costs from <u>providers</u> up to the <u>deductible</u> amount before this <u>plan</u> begins to pay. If you have other family members on the <u>plan</u> , each family member must meet their own individual <u>deductible</u> until the total amount of <u>deductible</u> expenses paid by all family members meets the overall family <u>deductible</u> .
before you meet your deductible?	covered before you meet your <u>deductible</u> .	This <u>plan</u> covers some items and services even if you haven't yet met the <u>deductible</u> amount. But a <u>copayment</u> or <u>coinsurance</u> may apply. For example, this <u>plan</u> covers certain <u>preventive</u> <u>services</u> without <u>cost sharing</u> and before you meet your <u>deductible</u> . See a list of covered <u>preventive services</u> at https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/ .
Are there other deductibles for specific services?	No.	You don't have to meet <u>deductibles</u> for specific services.
What is the <u>out-of-pocket</u> <u>limit</u> for this <u>plan</u> ?	narenn / Wi illili jamily. Ent Sall-Balarran hrnyinare	The <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> is the most you could pay in a year for covered services. If you have other family members in this <u>plan</u> , they have to meet their own <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> until the overall family <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> has been met.
	<u>Premiums</u> , balance-billing charges, and health care this <u>plan</u> doesn't cover.	Even though you pay these expenses, they don't count toward the out-of-pocket limit.
	ASK-BLUE (1117:711) for a list of network providers.	You pay the least if you use a <u>provider</u> in Tier 1. You pay more if you use a <u>provider</u> in Tier 2. You will pay the most if you use an <u>out-of-network provider</u> , and you might receive a bill from a <u>provider</u> for the difference between the <u>provider</u> 's charge and what your <u>plan</u> pays (<u>balance billing</u>). Be aware your <u>network provider</u> might use an <u>out-of-network provider</u> for some services (such as lab work). Check with your <u>provider</u> before you get services.
Do you need a <u>referral</u> to see a <u>specialist</u> ?	Yes.	This <u>plan</u> will pay some or all of the costs to see a <u>specialist</u> for covered services but only if you have a <u>referral</u> before you see the <u>specialist</u> .

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			What You Will Pay			
Common Medical Event	, in the second second	In-network Tier 1 (You will pay the least)	In-network Tier 2	Self-Referred Provider (You will pay the most)		
If you visit a health care provider's office or clinic	Primary care visit to treat an injury or illness	No charge	\$20/Visit	30% coinsurance	None	
	Specialist visit	\$10/Visit	\$40/Visit	30% coinsurance	PCP <u>referral</u> required	
	Preventive care/screening/immunization	No charge	No charge	30% <u>coinsurance;</u> <u>Deductible</u> does not	Age and frequency schedules may apply. You may have to pay for services that aren't preventive. Ask your provider if the services needed are preventive. Then check what your plan will pay for.	
If you have a test	Diagnostic test (x-ray, blood work)	No charge	X-Ray: \$20/Visit Blood Work: No charge	30% coinsurance	PCP <u>referral</u> required for x-rays. Requisition form required for lab work.	
If you have a test	Imaging (CT/PET scans, MRIs)	No charge	\$80/Scan	30% coinsurance	PCP referral required. Precertification required for certain services. *See section General Information.	
treat your illness or condition More information about prescription drug coverage is available at www.optumrx.com/public/landing	Generic Drugs	Retail: \$10 copayment Mail: \$20 copayment			Covers up to a 30-day supply (retail) and a 90-day supply (mail order). For a list of	
	Preferred Brand	Retail: \$30 copayment Mail: \$60 copayment			participating retail pharmacies, go to http://www.optumrx.com/public/landing call 1-800-356-3477. Contact Optum Rx if you intend to use a non-participating pharmacy. Note : Step Therapy and prior authorization (PA) may be required.	
	Non Preferred Drugs	Retail: \$50 copayment Mail: \$100 copayment Mail: \$20 copayment				
	<u>/</u> <u>Specialty Drugs</u>	\$100/Injection	\$100/Injection	30% coinsurance	This cost share amount is for specialty injectable or infusion therapy drugs covered by the medical benefit. These drugs are typically administered by a health care professional in a home/office or outpatient facility. Prior-authorization required. *See section Outpatient Services.	
surgery	Facility fee (e.g., ambulatory surgery center)	No charge	\$50/Visit		Precertification may be required. *See section General Information. 20%	
	Physician/surgeon fees	No charge	No charge	30% coinsurance	reduction in benefits for failure to precert out-of-network.	
If you need immediate medical attention	Emergency room care	\$100/Visit	\$100/Visit	Covered at in-network level	None	

^{*}For more information about limitations and exceptions, see plan or policy document at $\underline{\text{www.ibx.com/LGBooklet}}.$

			What You Will Pay		
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need				
	Emergency medical transportation	No charge	No charge	Covered at in-network level	
	<u>Urgent care</u>	ŭ	\$35/Visit	30% coinsurance	Your costs for <u>urgent care</u> are based on care received at a designated <u>urgent care</u> center or facility, not your physician's office. Costs may vary depending on where you receive care.
If you have a hospital stay	Facility fee (e.g., hospital room)	\$240/Admission	\$100/Day; Max of 5 Copayment(s)/Admit	30% coinsurance	Precertification required. There is a Penalty for failure to pre-authorize
<u>-</u>	Physician/surgeon fees	No charge	No charge	30% coinsurance	Inpatient services or treatment out-of- network.
If you need mental health, behavioral	Outpatient services	Not available	\$40/Visit	30% coinsurance	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to precert out-of-network.
health, or substance abuse services	Inpatient services	Not available	\$100/Day; Max of 5 Copayment(s)/Admit	30% coinsurance	Precertification required. Penalty for failure to pre-authorize inpatient services or treatment out-of-network.
	Office visits	\$10/Visit	\$20/Visit	30% coinsurance	Office visit cost share applies to the first
If you are pregnant	Childbirth/delivery professional services	No charge	No charge	30% coinsurance	OB visit only. Depending on the type of services, additional copayments or coinsurance may apply. Maternity care may include tests and services described elsewhere in the SBC (e.g., ultrasound). Pre-notification requested for maternity care.
	Childbirth/delivery facility services	X //III/Admicción	\$100/Day; Max of 5 Copayment(s)/Admit	30% coinsurance	Office visit cost share applies to the first OB visit only. Depending on the type of services, additional copayments or coinsurance may apply. Maternity care may include tests and services described elsewhere in the SBC (i.e. ultrasound). Pre-notification requested for maternity care.
If you need help recovering or have	Home health care	No charge	No charge	30% coinsurance	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to pre-authorize

 $[\]hbox{``For more information about limitations and exceptions, see plan or policy document at $\underline{www.ibx.com/LGBooklet}$.}$

			What You Will Pay		
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	In-network Tier 1 (You will pay the least)	In-network Tier 2	Self-Referred Provider (You will pay the most)	
other special health needs					out-of-network outpatient services or treatment.
	Rehabilitation services	No charge	\$20/Visit		PCP <u>referral</u> required. Pre-authorization required for Speech Therapy.
	Habilitation services	No charge	\$20/Visit		PCP <u>referral</u> required. Pre-authorization required for Speech Therapy.
	Skilled nursing care	Not available	\$50/Day; Max of 5 Copayment(s)/Admit	30% coincurance	Precertification required. There is a -\$2 penalty for failure to pre-authorize inpatient services or treatment out-of-network. 120 visits/Calendar Year.
	Durable medical equipment	Not available	30% coinsurance	50% coinsurance	Precertification required for selected items. *See section General Information. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to precert out-of-network.
	Hospice services	No charge	No charge	30% coinsurance	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to precert out-of-network.
If your child needs	Children's eye exam	Not covered	Not covered	Not covered	None
dental or eye care	Children's glasses	Not covered	Not covered	Not covered	None
	Children's dental check-up	Not covered	Not covered	Not covered	None

Excluded Services & Other Covered Services:

Services Your Plan Generally Does NOT Cover (Check your policy or plan document for more information and a list of any other excluded services.)

- Dental care (Adult) Hearing aids Cosmetic surgery
- Infertility treatment Long-term care Non-emergency care when traveling outside the U.S.
- Routine foot care Weight loss programs

Other Covered Services (Limitations may apply to these services. This isn't a complete list. Please see your plan document.)

- Chiropractic care Acupuncture Bariatric surgery
- Private-duty nursing Routine eye care (Adult)

Your Rights to Continue Coverage: There are agencies that can help if you want to continue your coverage after it ends. To contact the plan at 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY: 711)or

the contact information for those agencies is: For group health coverage subject to ERISA, contact the Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) or www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform; For non-federal governmental group health plan, contact the Department of Health and Human Services, Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight, 1-877-267-2323 x61565 or www.cciio.cms.gov. Church plan are not covered by the Federal COBRA continuation coverage rules. If the coverage is insured, you should contact your State Insurance regulator regarding possible rights to continuation coverage under State law. Other coverage options may be available to you too, including buying individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov or call 1-800-318-2596.

Your Grievance and Appeals Rights: There are agencies that can help if you have a complaint against your plan for a denial of a claim. This complaint is called a grievance or appeal. For more information about your rights, look at the explanation of benefits you will receive for that medical claim. Your plan documents also provide complete information to submit a claim, appeal, or a grievance for any reason to your plan. For more information about your rights, this notice, or assistance, contact: For group health coverage subject to ERISA, contact the Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) or www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform; for non-federal governmental group health plan and church plan that are group health plan, contact us at 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711); if the coverage is insured, you may also contact the Pennsylvania Insurance Department - 1-877-881-6388 - http://www.insurance.pa.gov/Consumers.

Does this plan provide Minimum Essential Coverage? Yes.

If you don't have Minimum Essential Coverage for a month, you'll have to make a payment when you file your tax return unless you qualify for an exemption from the requirement that you have health coverage for that month.

Does this plan meet Minimum Value Standards?

About these Coverage Examples:



This is not a cost estimator. Treatments shown are just examples of how this <u>plan</u> might cover medical care. Your actual costs will be different depending on the actual care you receive, the prices your <u>providers</u> charge, and many other factors. Focus on the <u>cost sharing</u> amounts (<u>deductibles</u>, <u>copayments</u>, and <u>coinsurance</u>) and <u>excluded services</u> under the <u>plan</u>. Use this information to compare the portion of costs you might pay under different health <u>plans</u>. Please note these coverage examples are based on self-only coverage.

Peg is Having a Baby (9 months of in-network pre-natal care and a hospital delivery)		Managing Joe's type 2 Diabe (a year of routine in-network care of controlled condition)		Mia's Simple Fracture (in-network emergency room visit and follow up care)	
■ The <u>plan's</u> overall <u>deductible</u>	\$0	■ The <u>plan's</u> overall <u>deductible</u>	\$0	■ The <u>plan's</u> overall <u>deductible</u>	\$0
■ Specialist copayment	\$10	■ Specialist copayment	\$10	■ Specialist copayment	\$10
■ Hospital (facility) <u>copayment</u>	\$240	Hospital (facility) copayment	\$240	Hospital (facility) copayment	\$240
■ Other <u>coinsurance</u>	0%	Other <u>coinsurance</u>	0%	■ Other <u>coinsurance</u>	0%

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Specialist office visits (prenatal care)
Childbirth/Delivery Professional Services
Childbirth/Delivery Facility Services
Diagnostic tests (ultrasounds and blood work)
Specialist visit (anesthesia)

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Primary care physician office visits (including disease education)
Diagnostic tests (blood work)
Prescription drugs

Durable medical equipment (glucose meter)

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Emergency room care (including medical supplies)

Diagnostic test (x-ray)

Durable medical equipment (crutches)
Rehabilitation services (physical therapy)

Total Example Cost	\$12,800			
In this example, Peg would pay:				
Cost Sharing				
Deductibles	\$0			
Copayments	\$300			
Coinsurance	\$0			
What isn't covered				
Limits or exclusions	\$12			
The total Peg would pay is	\$312			

Total Example Cost	\$7,400	Total Example Cost	\$1,900	
In this example, Joe would pay:		In this example, Mia would pay:		
Cost Sharing		Cost Sharing		
Deductibles	\$0	Deductibles	\$0	
Copayments	\$720	Copayments	\$110	
Coinsurance \$		Coinsurance	\$12	
What isn't covered		What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions \$34		Limits or exclusions	\$0	
The total Joe would pay is \$1,100		The total Mia would pay is	\$122	

Note: These numbers assume the patient does not participate in the <u>plan's</u> wellness program. If you participate in the <u>plan's</u> wellness program, you may be able to reduce your costs. For more information about the wellness program, please contact: 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711)

Glossary of Health Coverage and Medical Terms

- This glossary defines many commonly used terms, but isn't a full list. These glossary terms and definitions are intended to be educational and may be different from the terms and definitions in your plan or health insurance policy. Some of these terms also might not have exactly the same meaning when used in your policy or plan, and in any case, the policy or plan governs. (See your Summary of Benefits and Coverage for information on how to get a copy of your policy or plan document.)
- <u>Underlined</u> text indicates a term defined in this Glossary.
- See page 6 for an example showing how deductibles, coinsurance and out-of-pocket limits work together in a real

Allowed Amount

This is the maximum payment the plan will pay for a covered health care service. May also be called "eligible expense", "payment allowance", or "negotiated rate".

A request that your health insurer or plan review a decision that denies a benefit or payment (either in whole

Balance Billing

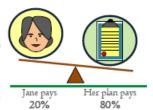
When a provider bills you for the balance remaining on the bill that your plan doesn't cover. This amount is the difference between the actual billed amount and the allowed amount. For example, if the provider's charge is \$200 and the allowed amount is \$110, the provider may bill you for the remaining \$90. This happens most often when you see an out-of-network provider (non-preferred provider). A network provider (preferred provider) may not bill you for covered services.

Claim

A request for a benefit (including reimbursement of a health care expense) made by you or your health care provider to your health insurer or plan for items or services you think are covered.

Coinsurance

Your share of the costs of a covered health care service, calculated as a percentage (for example, 20%) of the allowed amount for the service. You generally pay coinsurance plus



(See page 6 for a detailed example.) any deductibles you owe. (For example, if the health insurance or plan's allowed amount for an office visit is \$100 and you've met your <u>deductible</u>, your coinsurance payment of 20% would be \$20. The health insurance or

Complications of Pregnancy

Conditions due to pregnancy, labor, and delivery that require medical care to prevent serious harm to the health of the mother or the fetus. Morning sickness and a nonemergency caesarean section generally aren't complications of pregnancy.

Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for a covered health care service, usually when you receive the service. The amount can vary by the type of covered health care

Cost Sharing

Your share of costs for services that a plan covers that you must pay out of your own pocket (sometimes called "out-of-pocket costs"). Some examples of cost sharing are copayments, deductibles, and coinsurance. Family cost sharing is the share of cost for deductibles and outof-pocket costs you and your spouse and/or child(ren) must pay out of your own pocket. Other costs, including your premiums, penalties you may have to pay, or the cost of care a plan doesn't cover usually aren't considered cost sharing.

Cost-sharing Reductions

Discounts that reduce the amount you pay for certain services covered by an individual plan you buy through the Marketplace. You may get a discount if your income is below a certain level, and you choose a Silver level health plan or if you're a member of a federallyrecognized tribe, which includes being a shareholder in an Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act corporation.

plan pays the rest of the allowed amount.)

Deductible

An amount you could owe during a coverage period (usually one year) for covered health care services before your plan begins to pay. An overall deductible applies to all or almost all covered items and services. A plan with an overall deductible may



Jane pays I00%

Her plan pays 0%

(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

also have separate deductibles that apply to specific services or groups of services. A <u>plan</u> may also have only separate deductibles. (For example, if your deductible is \$1000, your plan won't pay anything until you've met your \$1000 deductible for covered health care services subject to the deductible.)

Diagnostic Test

Tests to figure out what your health problem is. For example, an x-ray can be a diagnostic test to see if you have a broken bone.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

Equipment and supplies ordered by a health care <u>provider</u> for everyday or extended use. DME may include: oxygen equipment, wheelchairs, and crutches.

Emergency Medical Condition

An illness, injury, symptom (including severe pain), or condition severe enough to risk serious danger to your health if you didn't get medical attention right away. If you didn't get immediate medical attention you could reasonably expect one of the following: I) Your health would be put in serious danger; or 2) You would have serious problems with your bodily functions; or 3) You would have serious damage to any part or organ of your body.

Emergency Medical Transportation

Ambulance services for an emergency medical condition. Types of emergency medical transportation may include transportation by air, land, or sea. Your plan may not cover all types of emergency medical transportation, or may pay less for certain types.

Emergency Room Care / Emergency Services

Services to check for an emergency medical condition and treat you to keep an emergency medical condition from getting worse. These services may be provided in a licensed hospital's emergency room or other place that provides care for emergency medical conditions.

Excluded Services

Health care services that your <u>plan</u> doesn't pay for or cover.

Formulary

A list of drugs your plan covers. A formulary may include how much your share of the cost is for each drug. Your plan may put drugs in different cost sharing levels or tiers. For example, a formulary may include generic drug and brand name drug tiers and different cost sharing amounts will apply to each tier.

Grievance

A complaint that you communicate to your health insurer or plan.

Habilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, learn or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who isn't walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

Health Insurance

A contract that requires a health insurer to pay some or all of your health care costs in exchange for a <u>premium</u>. A health insurance contract may also be called a "policy" or "<u>plan</u>".

Home Health Care

Health care services and supplies you get in your home under your doctor's orders. Services may be provided by nurses, therapists, social workers, or other licensed health care providers. Home health care usually doesn't include help with non-medical tasks, such as cooking, cleaning, or driving.

Hospice Services

Services to provide comfort and support for persons in the last stages of a terminal illness and their families.

Hospitalization

Care in a hospital that requires admission as an inpatient and usually requires an overnight stay. Some <u>plans</u> may consider an overnight stay for observation as outpatient care instead of inpatient care.

Hospital Outpatient Care

Care in a hospital that usually doesn't require an overnight stay.

Individual Responsibility Requirement

Sometimes called the "individual mandate", the duty you may have to be enrolled in health coverage that provides minimum essential coverage. If you don't have minimum essential coverage, you may have to pay a penalty when you file your federal income tax return unless you qualify for a health coverage exemption.

In-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 20%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered healthcare services. Your share is usually lower for in-network covered services.

In-network Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. In-network copayments usually are less than <u>out-of-network copayments</u>.

Marketplace

A marketplace for health insurance where individuals, families and small businesses can learn about their plan options; compare plans based on costs, benefits and other important features; apply for and receive financial help with premiums and cost sharing based on income; and choose a plan and enroll in coverage. Also known as an "Exchange". The Marketplace is run by the state in some states and by the federal government in others. In some states, the Marketplace also helps eligible consumers enroll in other programs, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Available online, by phone, and in-person.

Maximum Out-of-pocket Limit

Yearly amount the federal government sets as the most each individual or family can be required to pay in <u>cost sharing</u> during the <u>plan</u> year for covered, in-<u>network</u> services. Applies to most types of health <u>plans</u> and insurance. This amount may be higher than the <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> stated for your <u>plan</u>.

Medically Necessary

Health care services or supplies needed to prevent, diagnose, or treat an illness, injury, condition, disease, or its symptoms, including habilitation, and that meet accepted standards of medicine.

Minimum Essential Coverage

Health coverage that will meet the <u>individual</u> responsibility requirement. Minimum essential coverage generally includes <u>plans</u>, <u>health insurance</u> available through the <u>Marketplace</u> or other individual market policies, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, TRICARE, and certain other coverage.

Minimum Value Standard

A basic standard to measure the percent of permitted costs the <u>plan</u> covers. If you're offered an employer <u>plan</u> that pays for at least 60% of the total allowed costs of benefits, the <u>plan</u> offers minimum value and you may not qualify for <u>premium tax credits</u> and <u>cost sharing reductions</u> to buy a <u>plan</u> from the <u>Marketplace</u>.

Network

The facilities, <u>providers</u> and suppliers your health insurer or <u>plan</u> has contracted with to provide health care services.

Network Provider (Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who has a contract with your <u>health insurer</u> or <u>plan</u> who has agreed to provide services to members of a <u>plan</u>. You will pay less if you see a <u>provider</u> in the <u>network</u>. Also called "preferred provider" or "participating provider."

Orthotics and Prosthetics

Leg, arm, back and neck braces, artificial legs, arms, and eyes, and external breast prostheses after a mastectomy. These services include: adjustment, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition.

Out-of-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 40%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who don't contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network coinsurance usually costs you more than <u>innetwork</u> coinsurance.

Out-of-network Copayment

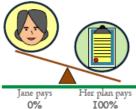
A fixed amount (for example, \$30) you pay for covered health care services from <u>providers</u> who do **not** contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network copayments usually are more than <u>in-network</u> <u>copayments</u>.

Out-of-network Provider (Non-Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who doesn't have a contract with your <u>plan</u> to provide services. If your <u>plan</u> covers out-of-network services, you'll usually pay more to see an out-of-network provider than a <u>preferred provider</u>. Your policy will explain what those costs may be. May also be called "non-preferred" or "non-particiapting" instead of "out-of-network provider".

Out-of-pocket Limit

The most you could pay during a coverage period (usually one year) for your share of the costs of covered services. After you meet this limit the plan will usually pay 100% of the



(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

allowed amount. This limit helps you plan for health care costs. This limit never includes your <u>premium</u>, <u>balance-billed</u> charges or health care your <u>plan</u> doesn't cover. Some <u>plans</u> don't count all of your <u>copayments</u>, <u>deductibles</u>, <u>coinsurance</u> payments, out-of-network payments, or other expenses toward this limit.

Physician Services

Health care services a licensed medical physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), provides or coordinates.

Plan

Health coverage issued to you directly (individual plan) or through an employer, union or other group sponsor (employer group plan) that provides coverage for certain health care costs. Also called "health insurance plan", "policy", "health insurance policy" or "health insurance".

Preauthorization

A decision by your health insurer or <u>plan</u> that a health care service, treatment plan, <u>prescription drug</u> or <u>durable medical equipment (DME)</u> is <u>medically necessary</u>. Sometimes called prior authorization, prior approval or precertification. Your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> may require preauthorization for certain services before you receive them, except in an emergency. Preauthorization isn't a promise your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> will cover the cost.

Premium

The amount that must be paid for your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. You and/or your employer usually pay it monthly, quarterly, or yearly.

Premium Tax Credits

Financial help that lowers your taxes to help you and your family pay for private <u>health insurance</u>. You can get this help if you get <u>health insurance</u> through the <u>Marketplace</u> and your income is below a certain level. Advance payments of the tax credit can be used right away to lower your monthly <u>premium</u> costs.

Prescription Drug Coverage

Coverage under a plan that helps pay for prescription drugs. If the plan's formulary uses "tiers" (levels), prescription drugs are grouped together by type or cost. The amount you'll pay in cost sharing will be different for each "tier" of covered prescription drugs.

Prescription Drugs

Drugs and medications that by law require a prescription.

Preventive Care (Preventive Service)

Routine health care, including <u>screenings</u>, check-ups, and patient counseling, to prevent or discover illness, disease, or other health problems.

Primary Care Physician

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), who provides or coordinates a range of health care services for you.

Primary Care Provider

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant, as allowed under state law and the terms of the plan, who provides, coordinates, or helps you access a range of health care services.

Provider

An individual or facility that provides health care services. Some examples of a provider include a doctor, nurse, chiropractor, physician assistant, hospital, surgical center, skilled nursing facility, and rehabilitation center. The plan may require the provider to be licensed, certified, or accredited as required by state law.

Reconstructive Surgery

Surgery and follow-up treatment needed to correct or improve a part of the body because of birth defects, accidents, injuries, or medical conditions.

Referent

A written order from your <u>primary care provider</u> for you to see a <u>specialist</u> or get certain health care services. In many health maintenance organizations (HMOs), you need to get a referral before you can get health care services from anyone except your <u>primary care provider</u>. If you don't get a referral first, the <u>plan</u> may not pay for the services.

Rehabilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, get back, or improve skills and functioning for daily living that have been lost or impaired because a person was sick, hurt, or disabled. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and psychiatric rehabilitation services in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

Screening

A type of preventive care that includes tests or exams to detect the presence of something, usually performed when you have no symptoms, signs, or prevailing medical history of a disease or condition.

Skilled Nursing Care

Services performed or supervised by licensed nurses in your home or in a nursing home. Skilled nursing care is **not** the same as "skilled care services", which are services performed by therapists or technicians (rather than licensed nurses) in your home or in a nursing home.

Specialist

A <u>provider</u> focusing on a specific area of medicine or a group of patients to diagnose, manage, prevent, or treat certain types of symptoms and conditions.

Specialty Drug

A type of <u>prescription drug</u> that, in general, requires special handling or ongoing monitoring and assessment by a health care professional, or is relatively difficult to dispense. Generally, specialty drugs are the most expensive drugs on a <u>formulary</u>.

UCR (Usual, Customary and Reasonable)

The amount paid for a medical service in a geographic area based on what <u>providers</u> in the area usually charge for the same or similar medical service. The UCR amount sometimes is used to determine the <u>allowed</u> amount.

Urgent Care

Care for an illness, injury, or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require emergency room care.

How You and Your Insurer Share Costs - Example

Jane's Plan Deductible: \$1,500 Coinsurance: 20% Out-of-Pocket Limit: \$5,000

January 1ST Beginning of Coverage Period

December 31st End of Coverage Period



Jane pays I00%

Her plan pays 0%



more

costs





Jane pays 20%

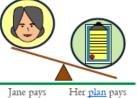
Her <u>plan</u> pays 80%











0% I00%

Jane hasn't reached her \$1,500 deductible yet

Her plan doesn't pay any of the costs. Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: \$125 Her plan pays: \$0

Jane reaches her \$1.500 deductible, coinsurance begins

Jane has seen a doctor several times and paid \$1,500 in total, reaching her deductible. So her plan pays some of the costs for her next visit.

Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: 20% of \$125 = \$25 Her plan pays: 80% of \$125 = \$100

Jane reaches her \$5.000 out-of-pocket limit

Jane has seen the doctor often and paid \$5,000 in total. Her plan pays the full cost of her covered health care services for the rest of the year.

Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: \$0 Her plan pays: \$125

Language Assistance Services

Spanish: ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, cuenta con servicios de asistencia en idiomas disponibles de forma gratuita para usted. Llame al 1-800-275-2583 (TTY: 711).

Chinese: 注意:如果您讲中文,您可以得到免费的语言协助服务。致电 1-800-275-2583。

Korean: 안내사항: 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 1-800-275-2583 번으로 전화하십시오.

Portuguese: ATENÇÃO: se você fala português, encontram-se disponíveis serviços gratuitos de assistência ao idioma. Lique para 1-800-275-2583.

Gujarati: સૂચના: જો તમે ગુજરાતી બોલતા हો, તો નિ:શુલ્ક ભાષા સહ્યય સેવાઓ તમારા માટે ઉપલબ્ધ છે. 1-800-275-2583 કોલ કરો.

Vietnamese: LƯU Ý: Nếu bạn nói tiếng Việt, chúng tôi sẽ cung cấp dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí cho bạn. Hãy gọi 1-800-275-2583.

Russian: ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите по-русски, то можете бесплатно воспользоваться услугами перевода. Тел.: 1-800-275-2583.

Polish UWAGA: Jeżeli mówisz po polsku, możesz skorzystać z bezpłatnej pomocy językowej. Zadzwoń pod numer 1-800-275-2583.

Italian: ATTENZIONE: Se lei parla italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Chiamare il numero 1-800-275-2583.

Arabic:

ملحوظة: إذا كنت تتحدث اللغة العربية، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية متاحة لك بالمجان. اتصل برقم 2583-275-800-1.

French Creole: ATANSYON: Si w pale Kreyòl Ayisyen, gen sèvis èd pou lang ki disponib gratis pou ou. Rele 1-800-275-2583. Tagalog: PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, magagamit mo ang mga serbisyo na tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 1-800-275-2583.

French: ATTENTION: Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique-vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 1-800-275-2583.

Pennsylvania Dutch: BASS UFF: Wann du Pennsylvania Deitsch schwetzscht, kannscht du Hilf griege in dei eegni Schprooch unni as es dich ennich eppes koschte zellt. Ruf die Nummer 1-800-275-2583.

Hindi: ध्यान दें: यदि आप हिंदी बोलते हैं तो आपके लिए मुफ्त में भाषा सहायता सेवाएं उपलब्ध हैं। कॉल करें 1-800-275-2583।

German: ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, können Sie kostenlos sprachliche Unterstützung anfordern. Wählen Sie 1-800-275-2583.

Japanese: 備考: 母国語が日本語の方は、言語アシスタンスサービス (無料) をご利用いただけます。 1-800-275-2583へお電話ください。

Persian (Farsi):

توجه: اگر فارسی صحبت می کنید، خدمات ترجمه به صورت ر ایگان بر ای شما فر اهم می باشد. با شمار ه 258-275-800-1 تماس بگیرید

Navajo: Díí baa akó nínízin: Díí saad bee yánílti go Diné Bizaad, saad bee áká ánída áwo déé, táá jiik eh. Hódíílnih koji 1-800-275-2583.

Urdu:

توجہ درکارہے: اگر آب اردو زبان بولتے ہیں، تو آب کے لئے منت میں زبان معاون خدمات دستیاب ہیں۔ کال کریں 1-800-275-2583

Mon-Khmer, Cambodian: សូមមេត្តាចាប់អារម្មណ៍៖ ប្រសិនបើអ្នកនិយាយភាសាមន-ខ្មែរ ឬភាសាខ្មែរ នោះ ជំនួយផ្នែកភាសានឹងមានផ្តល់ជូនដល់លោកអ្នកដោយឥត គិតថ្ងៃៗ ទូរសព្ទទៅលេខ 1-800-275-2583។

Discrimination is Against the Law

This Plan complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. This Plan does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex.

This Plan provides:

- Free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as: qualified sign language interpreters, and written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats).
- Free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as: qualified interpreters and information written in other languages.

If you need these services, contact our Civil Rights Coordinator. If you believe that This Plan has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a grievance with our Civil Rights Coordinator. You can file a grievance in the following ways: In person or by mail: ATTN: Civil Rights Coordinator, 1901 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103, By phone: 1-888-377-3933 (TTY: 711) By fax: 215-761-0245, By email: civilrightscoordinator@1901market.com. If you need help filing a grievance, our Civil Rights Coordinator is available to help you.

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, DC 20201, 1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD). Complaint forms are available at

http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.